Playing with your baby

Play is the main way that babies and toddlers learn about the world. With your help, it's also a wonderful way to support their language development.

- As a parent, you are your child's best playmate so try to spend time every day playing together.
- Newborns love physical play, especially when you gently tickle their face or count their fingers and toes.
- When your baby gets a little older and stronger, offer her lots of toys or things that are safe to go into her mouth, and talk about the objects for her.
- Make lots of play sounds to go with what's happening, like "brmm, brmm" as you push a car along. That way, your baby will hear different speech sounds and learn that listening to voices is fun.
- Your baby will love hearing the same little rhymes and stories, and playing games like peek-a-boo, over and over again.
- You don't need lots of toys to play your baby can play with safe, simple things around the house. But toy libraries offer toys on loan for free or a small fee. For your nearest call 020 7255 4604.
- As your baby gets older, don't try to teach him anything during play. Your child will learn best if he chooses what to play, and you follow his lead.

與你的嬰兒玩耍

玩耍是嬰兒和小孩認識生活世界的主是方式。有 你的幫助之下,這也是協助他們學習語言的 極好方法。

- 你身為父母正是你孩子最好的玩伴,所以儘量天天騰出時間一起玩耍。
 - 嬰兒喜愛觸感遊戲,尤其是 得到他人溫柔地胳肢他們的 臉,或者扳著他們的手指和 脚趾點數。

• 待你的嬰兒長大有力 氣一點,不妨給他多種玩 具或可安全放進口中的東西玩 耍,說說有關他拿著的物品。

- 玩耍的同時不妨製造許多配合的聲音,例如當 推著玩具車時候叫「哱隆、哱隆」。這樣你的 嬰兒可聽到不同的語言發音,認識聽聲音是挺 有趣的事。
- 你的嬰兒會喜歡一再地聽類同的兒歌和小故事,以及諸如「躲貓貓」的遊戲。
- 你不需要備有大量的玩具-你的嬰兒可以玩用家中現有的的安全、簡單東西。你只要交付少量付費,可向玩具圖書館借取玩具。如想知道距離你最近的玩具圖書館,致電 020 7255
 4604 查詢。
- 你的嬰兒長大一點後,不必在玩耍之時教導他學習。如果你的孩子可以選擇玩耍,且你讓他帶頭,這對你孩子的學習會帶來最好的益處。



Talk To Your Baby

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